



**AOD408**

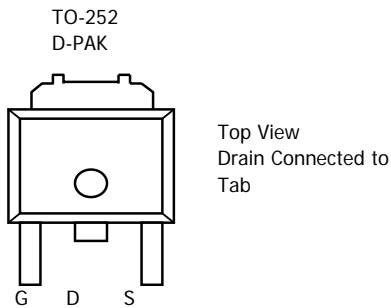
**N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

**General Description**

The AOD408 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. *Standard Product AOD408 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications).*

**Features**

- $V_{DS}$  (V) = 30V
- $I_D$  = 18A ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)
- $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 18m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 10V)
- $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 27m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 4.5V)



**Absolute Maximum Ratings  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted**

| Parameter                                      | Symbol         | Maximum                 | Units            |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| Drain-Source Voltage                           | $V_{DS}$       | 30                      | V                |
| Gate-Source Voltage                            | $V_{GS}$       | $\pm 20$                | V                |
| Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>          | $I_D$          | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$  | A                |
|  |                | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ |                  |
| Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>              | $I_{DM}$       | 70                      |                  |
| Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>                 | $I_{AR}$       | 18                      | A                |
| Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}^C$ | $E_{AR}$       | 40                      | mJ               |
| Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>                 | $P_D$          | $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$  | W                |
|  |                | $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$ |                  |
| Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>                 | $P_{DSM}$      | $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$  | W                |
|  |                | $T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$  |                  |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range         | $T_J, T_{STG}$ | -55 to 175              | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

**Thermal Characteristics**

| Parameter                                | Symbol          | Typ          | Max | Units              |
|--|-----------------|--------------|-----|--------------------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 16.7         | 25  | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup> |                 | Steady-State | 40  | 50                 |
| Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>B</sup>    | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 1.9          | 2.5 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ |

Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol                      | Parameter                              | Conditions   | Min                                | Typ        | Max      | Units |
|-----------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|------------|----------|-------|
| <b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>    |  |  |                                    |            |          |       |
| BV <sub>DSS</sub>           | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage         | I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V   | 30                                 |            |          | V     |
| I <sub>DSS</sub>            | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current        | V <sub>DS</sub> =24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V<br>T <sub>J</sub> =55°C                          |                                    |            | 1<br>5   | μA    |
| I <sub>GSS</sub>            | Gate-Body leakage current              | V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20V  |                                    |            | 100      | nA    |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub>         | Gate Threshold Voltage                 | V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> =250μA                                     | 1                                  | 1.8        | 2.5      | V     |
| I <sub>D(ON)</sub>          | On state drain current                 | V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =5V   | 70                                 |            |          | A     |
| R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>         | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance      | V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =18A<br>T <sub>J</sub> =125°C                         |                                    | 13.6<br>18 | 18<br>24 | mΩ    |
|                             |  | V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =10A   |                                    | 20.6       | 27       | mΩ    |
| g <sub>FS</sub>             | Forward Transconductance               | V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =18A   |                                    | 25         |          | S     |
| V <sub>SD</sub>             | Diode Forward Voltage                  | I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V  |                                    | 0.75       | 1        | V     |
| I <sub>S</sub>              | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current  |  |                                    |            | 18       | A     |
| I <sub>SM</sub>             | Pulsed Body-Diode Current <sup>F</sup> |  |                                    |            | 70       | A     |
| <b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>   |  |  |                                    |            |          |       |
| C <sub>iss</sub>            | Input Capacitance                      | V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz  |                                    | 1040       | 1250     | pF    |
| C <sub>oss</sub>            | Output Capacitance                     |  |                                    | 180        |          | pF    |
| C <sub>riss</sub>           | Reverse Transfer Capacitance           |  |                                    | 110        |          | pF    |
| R <sub>g</sub>              | Gate resistance                        | V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz   |                                    | 0.7        | 0.85     | Ω     |
| <b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b> |  |  |                                    |            |          |       |
| Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)        | Total Gate Charge                      | V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =18A                            |                                    | 19.8       | 25       | nC    |
| Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)       | Total Gate Charge                      |  |                                    | 9.8        | 12.5     | nC    |
| Q <sub>gs</sub>             | Gate Source Charge                     |  |                                    | 2.5        |          | nC    |
| Q <sub>gd</sub>             | Gate Drain Charge                      |  |                                    | 3.5        |          | nC    |
| t <sub>D(on)</sub>          | Turn-On DelayTime                      | V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =0.82Ω,<br>R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω |                                    | 4.5        |          | ns    |
| t <sub>r</sub>              | Turn-On Rise Time                      |  |                                    | 3.9        |          | ns    |
| t <sub>D(off)</sub>         | Turn-Off DelayTime                     |  |                                    | 17.4       |          | ns    |
| t <sub>f</sub>              | Turn-Off Fall Time                     |  |                                    | 3.2        |          | ns    |
| t <sub>rr</sub>             | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time       |  | I <sub>F</sub> =18A, di/dt=100A/μs |            | 19       | 25    |
| Q <sub>rr</sub>             | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge     | I <sub>F</sub> =18A, di/dt=100A/μs   |                                    | 8          |          | nC    |

A: The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The Power dissipation P<sub>DSM</sub> is based on R<sub>θJA</sub> and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B: The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175°C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175°C.

D: The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E: The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F: These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G: The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

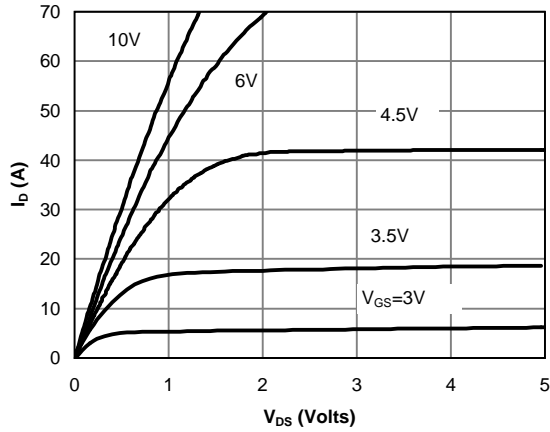


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

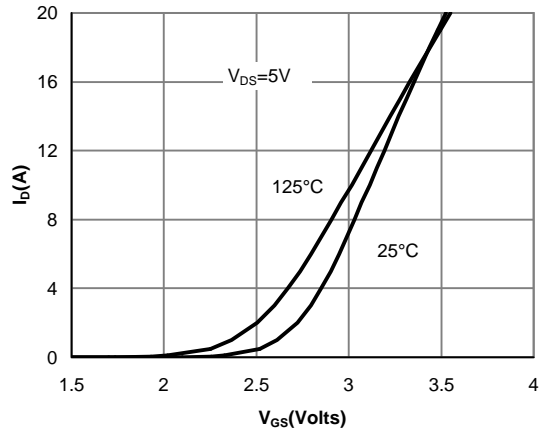


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

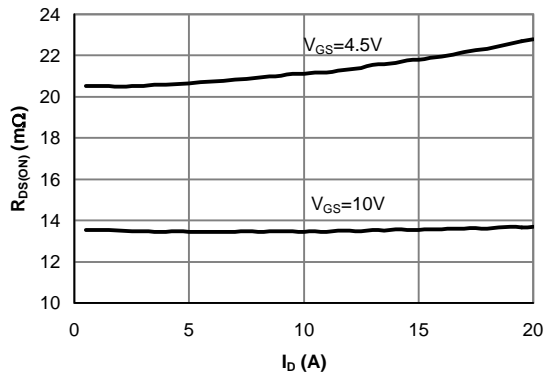


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

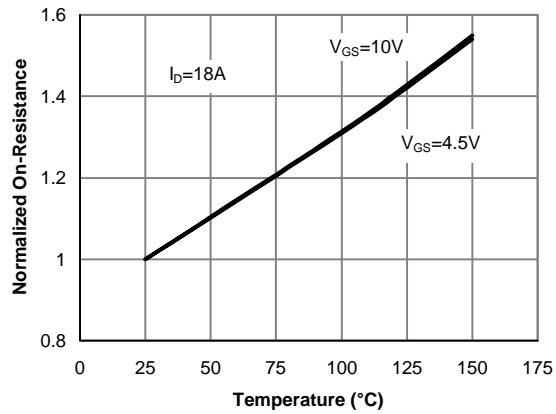


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

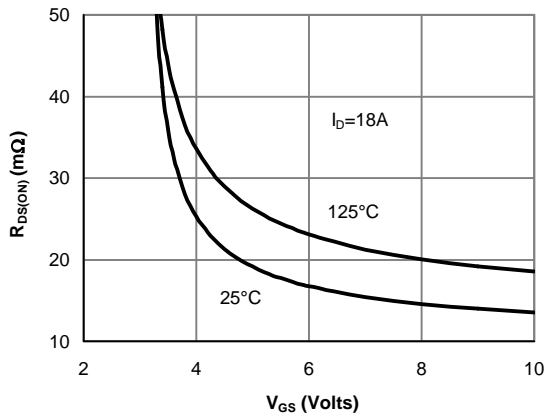


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

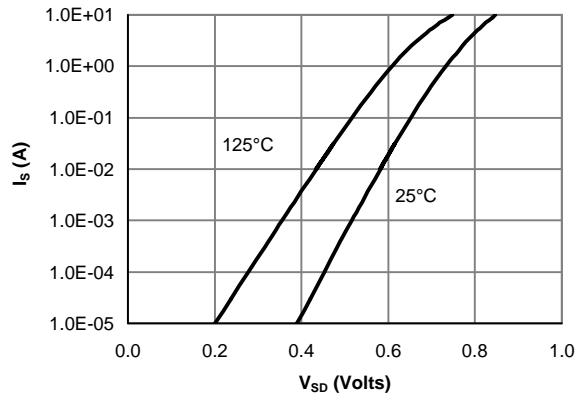


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

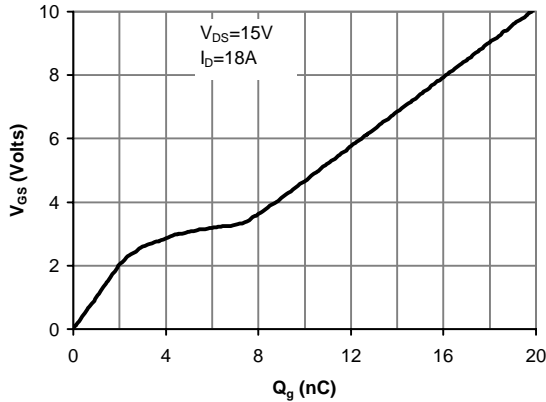


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

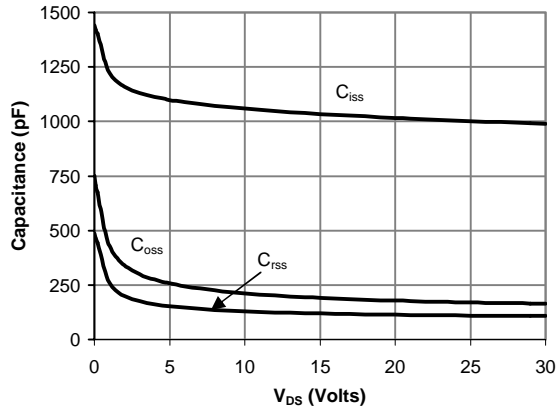


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

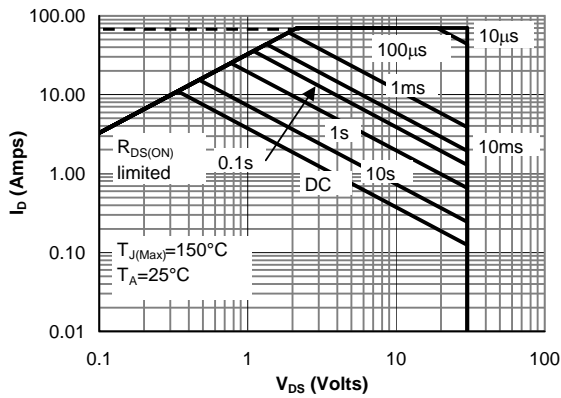


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

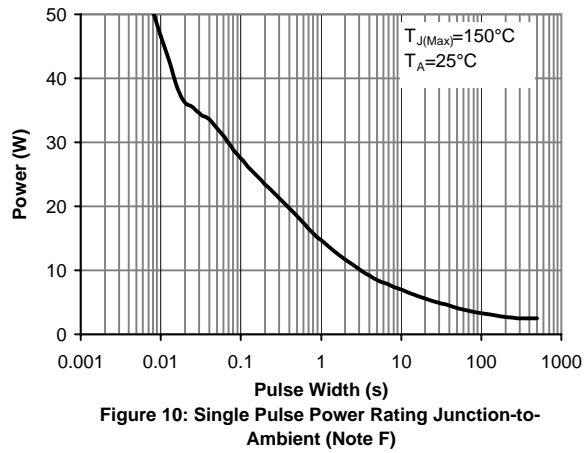


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

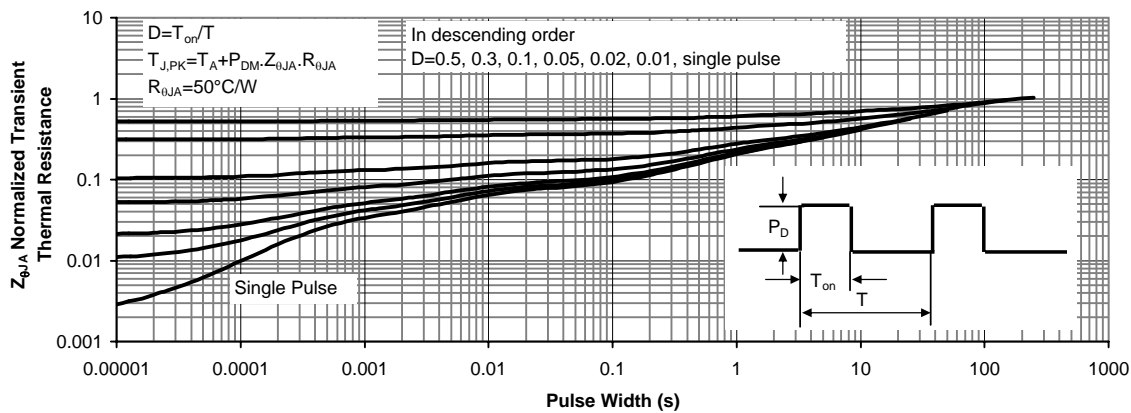


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance